

Methyl eucomate

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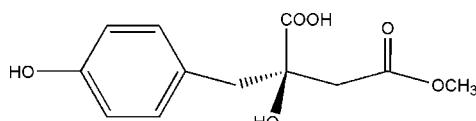
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.029; wR factor = 0.067; data-to-parameter ratio = 7.6.

The crystal structure of the title compound [systematic name: methyl 3-carboxy-3-hydroxy-3-(4-hydroxybenzyl)propanoate], $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_6$, is stabilized by intermolecular $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ and $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds. The molecules are arranged in layers, parallel to (001), which are interconnected by the $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds.

Related literature

For related literature, see: Heller & Tamm (1974); Jiang *et al.* (2002, 2006).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_6$	$V = 1210.4(2)\text{ \AA}^3$
$M_r = 254.23$	$Z = 4$
Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 5.9109(6)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.11\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$b = 7.0348(7)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 293(2)\text{ K}$
$c = 29.109(3)\text{ \AA}$	$0.40 \times 0.32 \times 0.25\text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD diffractometer	1279 independent reflections
Absorption correction: none	1047 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
6709 measured reflections	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.045$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.029$	168 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.066$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.05$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.14\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
1278 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.12\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
O1—H1 \cdots O3 ⁱ	0.82	1.96	2.775 (2)	172
O2—H2 \cdots O1 ⁱⁱ	0.82	2.33	2.888 (2)	125
O4—H4 \cdots O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.82	1.85	2.639 (2)	161
C12—H12B \cdots O5 ^{iv}	0.96	2.42	3.268 (4)	148

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (iii) $x - 1, y, z$; (iv) $x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, -z$.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 1998); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 1998); data reduction: *SAINT* and *XPREP* in *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *XP* (Siemens, 1998); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: FB2096).

References

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Methyl eucomate

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Comment

Methyl eucomate is the methyl ester of the eucomic acid. The title compound has been isolated from several edible plants, *e. g.* *Opuntia dillenii* (Jiang *et al.*, 2006) or *Opuntia vulgaris* (Jiang *et al.*, 2002). However, the stereochemistry of the ester has not been established yet. In the present paper, we report its crystal structure.

The molecule contains phenol, carboxyl, ester and hydroxyl functional groups (Fig. 1). The mean deviation of the benzene ring from planarity is 0.0004 Å and its dihedral angle with the plane of the carboxylic group at C8 is 50.3 (3)°, while it is roughly perpendicular to the ester group at C10 with a dihedral angle of 87.3 (3)°.

The intermolecular hydrogen bonds O1—H···O3, O2—H···O1 and O4—H···O2 (Tab. 1) link the molecules into layers that are parallel to (001) (Fig. 2).

There is no heavy atom with a significant anomalous dispersion contribution, so the absolute configuration from the diffraction pattern itself could not be determined. However, the absolute configuration of the eucomic acid has been established by synthesis (Heller & Tamm, 1974) though its crystal structure has not been determined. Therefore the title compound is expected to share the same *R* configuration at the chiral centre C8.

Experimental

The title compound was purified from the stems of *Opuntia vulgaris* according to the reported procedures (Jiang *et al.*, 2002). Briefly, the stems of *Opuntia vulgaris* (1 kg) was extracted with 95% ethanol under room temperature. The extracted solution was concentrated with rotary evaporator to afford a crude extract, which was suspended in distilled water and partitioned with petroleum ether, ethyl acetate and n-butanol. Then the n-butanol fraction was subjected to silica gel column chromatography eluted with methanol-chloroform gradient solvent system to afford the title compound (16 mg). The transparent rectangular crystals of the title compound with average size of 0.50 × 0.40 × 0.30 mm were obtained by slow evaporation of the methanol solution at room temperature.

Refinement

Though all the hydrogens were discernible in the difference electron density maps. Nevertheless, the hydrogens were situated into the idealized position and constrained during the refinement. Hydroxyl hydrogens: O-H equalled to 0.82 Å, $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H})=1.5 U_{\text{eq}}\text{O}$; Aryl-H equalled to 0.93 Å, $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H})=1.2 U_{\text{eq}}\text{Aryl}$; Cmethylene-H equalled to 0.97 Å, $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H})=1.2 U_{\text{eq}}\text{Cmethylene}$; Cmethyl-H equalled to 0.96 Å, $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H})=1.5 U_{\text{eq}}\text{Cmethyl}$.

There is no heavy atom with significant anomalous dispersion contribution in the structure for the used wavelength, so the absolute configuration from the diffraction pattern itself was not determined. 836 Friedel reflections were merged before

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the refinement. However, the absolute configuration of the related eucomic acid has been established previously (Heller & Tamm, 1974) and therefore the title compound has been expected to share the same *R* configuration at the chiral center C8.

Reflection (0 0 2) was omitted.

Figures

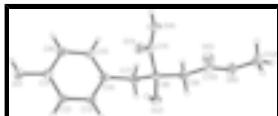


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title structure showing 30% probability displacement ellipsoids and the atom-numbering scheme.

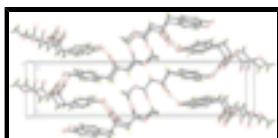


Fig. 2. The packing diagram of the title structure viewed down the *a* axis.

methyl 3-carboxy-3-hydroxy-3-(4-hydroxybenzyl)propanoate

Crystal data

C ₁₂ H ₁₄ O ₆	$F_{000} = 536$
$M_r = 254.23$	$D_x = 1.395 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
Hall symbol: P 2ac 2ab	$\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
$a = 5.9109 (6) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 6709 reflections
$b = 7.0348 (7) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 1.4\text{--}25.0^\circ$
$c = 29.109 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.11 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$V = 1210.4 (2) \text{ \AA}^3$	$T = 293 (2) \text{ K}$
$Z = 4$	Rectangular, colourless
	$0.40 \times 0.32 \times 0.25 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART/CCD diffractometer	1047 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.046$
Monochromator: graphite	$\theta_{\max} = 25.0^\circ$
$T = 293(2) \text{ K}$	$\theta_{\min} = 1.4^\circ$
ω scans	$h = -6 \rightarrow 7$
Absorption correction: none	$k = -8 \rightarrow 7$
6709 measured reflections	$l = -27 \rightarrow 34$
1279 independent reflections	

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Hydrogen site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	H-atom parameters constrained

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.029$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0328P)^2]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$wR(F^2) = 0.066$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
$S = 1.05$	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.14 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
1278 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.12 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
168 parameters	Extinction correction: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008), $F_c^* = k F_c [1 + 0.001 x F_c^2 \lambda^3 / \sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$
42 constraints	Extinction coefficient: 0.0070 (19)
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Absolute structure:
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map	

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.2505 (3)	0.2830 (2)	0.32392 (5)	0.0466 (5)
H1	0.1313	0.2346	0.3323	0.070*
O2	0.5510 (2)	0.5081 (2)	0.11441 (5)	0.0400 (4)
H2	0.5099	0.5865	0.1335	0.060*
O3	0.1405 (3)	0.6278 (2)	0.13901 (5)	0.0425 (4)
O4	-0.0301 (3)	0.3948 (3)	0.09911 (6)	0.0499 (5)
H4	-0.1460	0.4500	0.1070	0.075*
O5	0.2745 (4)	0.6569 (3)	0.03265 (6)	0.0640 (6)
O6	0.3709 (3)	0.4543 (2)	-0.02286 (5)	0.0543 (5)
C1	0.2722 (4)	0.2631 (3)	0.27718 (8)	0.0344 (6)
C2	0.4773 (4)	0.3133 (3)	0.25799 (8)	0.0367 (6)
H2B	0.5932	0.3598	0.2764	0.044*
C3	0.5089 (4)	0.2940 (3)	0.21133 (8)	0.0370 (6)
H3A	0.6475	0.3286	0.1987	0.044*
C4	0.3420 (4)	0.2253 (3)	0.18265 (8)	0.0346 (6)
C5	0.1367 (4)	0.1752 (3)	0.20275 (8)	0.0389 (6)
H5A	0.0209	0.1285	0.1843	0.047*
C6	0.1010 (4)	0.1933 (3)	0.24947 (9)	0.0387 (6)
H6A	-0.0373	0.1588	0.2622	0.046*
C7	0.3804 (4)	0.2011 (3)	0.13179 (8)	0.0400 (6)
H7A	0.2693	0.1119	0.1201	0.048*

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H7B	0.5286	0.1451	0.1272	0.048*
C8	0.3660 (4)	0.3855 (3)	0.10324 (7)	0.0336 (5)
C9	0.3831 (4)	0.3384 (3)	0.05217 (8)	0.0403 (6)
H9A	0.5339	0.2904	0.0459	0.048*
H9B	0.2767	0.2375	0.0452	0.048*
C10	0.3374 (4)	0.5023 (4)	0.02090 (8)	0.0424 (6)
C11	0.1476 (4)	0.4865 (4)	0.11534 (7)	0.0347 (5)
C12	0.3196 (5)	0.5985 (4)	-0.05667 (9)	0.0681 (9)
H12A	0.3552	0.5515	-0.0868	0.102*
H12B	0.4079	0.7102	-0.0505	0.102*
H12C	0.1617	0.6297	-0.0552	0.102*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O1	0.0418 (10)	0.0604 (11)	0.0377 (10)	-0.0079 (10)	0.0050 (8)	0.0063 (9)
O2	0.0255 (9)	0.0527 (11)	0.0418 (11)	-0.0021 (8)	0.0013 (7)	-0.0105 (9)
O3	0.0368 (9)	0.0474 (10)	0.0432 (10)	0.0061 (9)	0.0051 (8)	-0.0103 (8)
O4	0.0229 (9)	0.0617 (12)	0.0651 (12)	0.0047 (9)	-0.0011 (9)	-0.0157 (11)
O5	0.0819 (15)	0.0646 (12)	0.0454 (11)	0.0208 (12)	0.0057 (11)	-0.0017 (10)
O6	0.0678 (12)	0.0652 (11)	0.0298 (9)	-0.0045 (11)	0.0042 (10)	-0.0054 (9)
C1	0.0334 (13)	0.0335 (13)	0.0363 (14)	0.0024 (11)	0.0021 (11)	0.0060 (11)
C2	0.0315 (12)	0.0395 (14)	0.0391 (15)	-0.0086 (12)	-0.0029 (11)	0.0020 (12)
C3	0.0277 (12)	0.0404 (13)	0.0429 (15)	-0.0040 (12)	0.0035 (11)	0.0041 (12)
C4	0.0294 (12)	0.0326 (12)	0.0417 (14)	0.0046 (11)	-0.0010 (11)	0.0021 (11)
C5	0.0293 (12)	0.0412 (13)	0.0463 (15)	-0.0009 (12)	-0.0045 (12)	0.0000 (12)
C6	0.0263 (12)	0.0430 (13)	0.0470 (15)	-0.0029 (11)	0.0030 (11)	0.0068 (13)
C7	0.0336 (12)	0.0431 (13)	0.0431 (14)	0.0062 (12)	-0.0021 (12)	-0.0074 (12)
C8	0.0223 (11)	0.0441 (14)	0.0344 (13)	0.0009 (12)	-0.0012 (11)	-0.0054 (12)
C9	0.0334 (13)	0.0521 (14)	0.0356 (14)	0.0060 (12)	0.0028 (11)	-0.0071 (12)
C10	0.0315 (13)	0.0572 (16)	0.0385 (14)	-0.0011 (15)	0.0029 (12)	-0.0075 (14)
C11	0.0277 (12)	0.0460 (14)	0.0303 (12)	0.0012 (13)	-0.0001 (11)	0.0007 (12)
C12	0.085 (2)	0.080 (2)	0.0393 (15)	-0.023 (2)	-0.0078 (16)	0.0111 (16)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

O1—C1	1.374 (3)	C4—C5	1.392 (3)
O1—H1	0.8200	C4—C7	1.507 (3)
O2—C8	1.430 (3)	C5—C6	1.382 (3)
O2—H2	0.8200	C5—H5A	0.9300
O3—C11	1.210 (3)	C6—H6A	0.9300
O4—C11	1.320 (3)	C7—C8	1.543 (3)
O4—H4	0.8200	C7—H7A	0.9700
O5—C10	1.200 (3)	C7—H7B	0.9700
O6—C10	1.333 (3)	C8—C11	1.515 (3)
O6—C12	1.446 (3)	C8—C9	1.526 (3)
C1—C2	1.380 (3)	C9—C10	1.494 (3)
C1—C6	1.384 (3)	C9—H9A	0.9700
C2—C3	1.378 (3)	C9—H9B	0.9700

C2—H2B	0.9300	C12—H12A	0.9600
C3—C4	1.380 (3)	C12—H12B	0.9600
C3—H3A	0.9300	C12—H12C	0.9600
C1—O1—H1	109.5	C8—C7—H7B	108.5
C8—O2—H2	109.5	H7A—C7—H7B	107.5
C11—O4—H4	109.5	O2—C8—C11	108.40 (17)
C10—O6—C12	116.2 (2)	O2—C8—C9	107.55 (19)
O1—C1—C2	117.2 (2)	C11—C8—C9	112.63 (19)
O1—C1—C6	123.0 (2)	O2—C8—C7	110.03 (18)
C2—C1—C6	119.8 (2)	C11—C8—C7	108.44 (18)
C3—C2—C1	119.5 (2)	C9—C8—C7	109.77 (19)
C3—C2—H2B	120.2	C10—C9—C8	114.4 (2)
C1—C2—H2B	120.2	C10—C9—H9A	108.6
C2—C3—C4	122.3 (2)	C8—C9—H9A	108.6
C2—C3—H3A	118.9	C10—C9—H9B	108.6
C4—C3—H3A	118.9	C8—C9—H9B	108.6
C3—C4—C5	117.2 (2)	H9A—C9—H9B	107.6
C3—C4—C7	121.8 (2)	O5—C10—O6	123.3 (2)
C5—C4—C7	121.0 (2)	O5—C10—C9	125.6 (2)
C6—C5—C4	121.5 (2)	O6—C10—C9	111.1 (2)
C6—C5—H5A	119.2	O3—C11—O4	125.3 (2)
C4—C5—H5A	119.2	O3—C11—C8	123.2 (2)
C5—C6—C1	119.6 (2)	O4—C11—C8	111.43 (19)
C5—C6—H6A	120.2	O6—C12—H12A	109.5
C1—C6—H6A	120.2	O6—C12—H12B	109.5
C4—C7—C8	115.19 (19)	H12A—C12—H12B	109.5
C4—C7—H7A	108.5	O6—C12—H12C	109.5
C8—C7—H7A	108.5	H12A—C12—H12C	109.5
C4—C7—H7B	108.5	H12B—C12—H12C	109.5
O1—C1—C2—C3	179.3 (2)	C4—C7—C8—C9	-174.1 (2)
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.3 (4)	O2—C8—C9—C10	-68.8 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.2 (4)	C11—C8—C9—C10	50.5 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.1 (3)	C7—C8—C9—C10	171.5 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C7	-178.7 (2)	C12—O6—C10—O5	-2.1 (4)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.0 (3)	C12—O6—C10—C9	176.6 (2)
C7—C4—C5—C6	178.7 (2)	C8—C9—C10—O5	-5.7 (4)
C4—C5—C6—C1	0.1 (4)	C8—C9—C10—O6	175.6 (2)
O1—C1—C6—C5	-179.2 (2)	O2—C8—C11—O3	-13.9 (3)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.2 (4)	C9—C8—C11—O3	-132.8 (2)
C3—C4—C7—C8	-78.5 (3)	C7—C8—C11—O3	105.5 (2)
C5—C4—C7—C8	102.8 (3)	O2—C8—C11—O4	169.74 (19)
C4—C7—C8—O2	67.7 (3)	C9—C8—C11—O4	50.9 (3)
C4—C7—C8—C11	-50.7 (3)	C7—C8—C11—O4	-70.8 (2)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

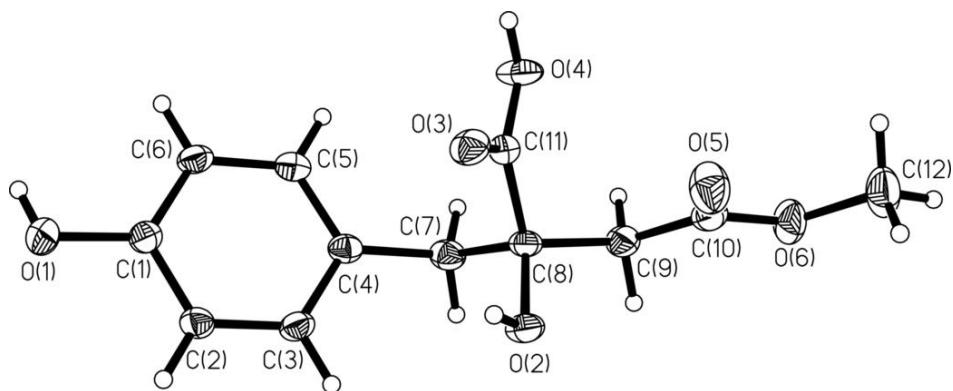
D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
O1—H1···O3 ⁱ	0.82	1.96	2.775 (2)	172

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O2—H2···O1 ⁱⁱ	0.82	2.34	2.888 (2)	125
O4—H4···O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.82	1.85	2.639 (2)	161
C12—H12B···O5 ^{iv}	0.96	2.42	3.268 (4)	148

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, y-1/2, -z+1/2$; (ii) $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+1/2$; (iii) $x-1, y, z$; (iv) $x+1/2, -y+3/2, -z$.

Fig. 1



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Fig. 2

